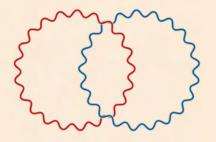


a virtual public talk series on synthetic biology and applications







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Opening remarks to Synbio Conclave

SYNBIO CONCLAVE

Opening remarks

PROF. JARUGU NARASIMHA MOORTHY

Director, IISER Thiruvananthapuram Professor of Organic Photochemistry at IISER Thiruvananthapuram

Prof. J. N. Moorthy, hon'ble director of the Indian Institute of Science Education and Research, IISER Thiruvananthapuram will be delivering the opening remarks for the Synbio Conclave event. Prof. Moorthy has been leading the institute as a director since April 2019, under the aegis of whom the institute has undergone multifaceted development.

Know more about him: https://www.iisertvm.ac.in/pages/director





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Keynote speaker

DR. DREW ENDY

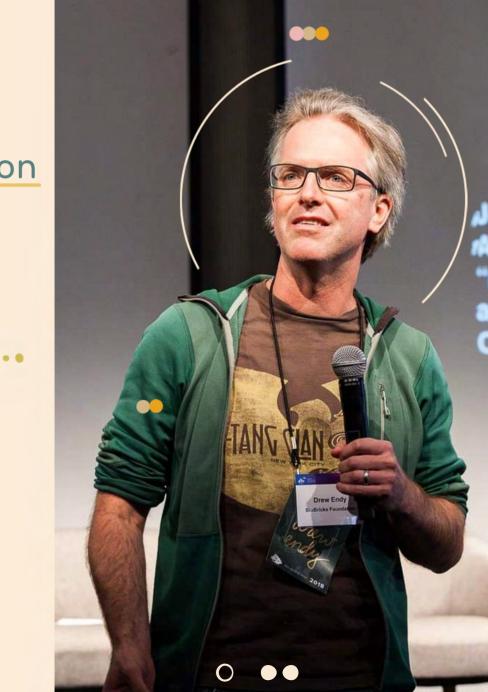
Associate Professor, Bioengineering faculty at Stanford University President of the BioBricks Foundation Co-founder of the iGEM Competition

12:30 PM EDT / 04:30 PM GMT / 09:30 AM PDT





An initiative by iGEM IISER Thiruvananthapuram **(0)** @igem_iisertvm Synthetic biology in the context of biodiversity conservation



Keynote speaker

DR. MING-RU WU

Assistant Professor, DFCI, Harvard Cancer Center Assistant Professor, Harvard Medical School

Cancer immunotherapy has demonstrated robust efficacy in clinical trials, but challenges such as the lack of ideal targetable tumor antigens, severe toxicity, and tumor-mediated immunosuppression still limit its success. To overcome these challenges, I have designed a synthetic cancer-targeting gene circuit platform that enables a localized and robust combinatorial immunotherapy from within cancer cells: a Trojan horse-like approach. Once the circuits are introduced into cells, they will sense cancer-specific transcription factor activities, and trigger an effective combinatorial immunotherapy selectively from within cancer cells, while keeping normal cells unharmed. The circuit cured disseminated ovarian cancer in vivo in a mouse model. This platform can be adjusted to treat multiple cancer types and can potentially trigger any genetically-encodable immunomodulators as therapeutic outputs. Moreover, this gene circuit platform can be adapted to treat additional diseases exhibiting aberrant transcription factor activities, such as chronic metabolic diseases and autoimmune disorders.



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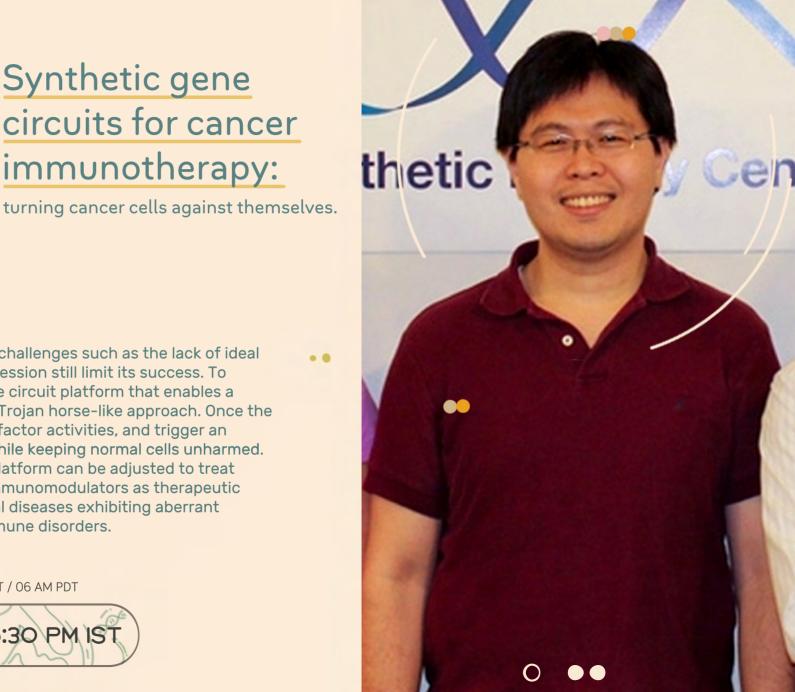
09 AM EDT / 01 PM GMT / 06 AM PDT

Synthetic gene

circuits for cancer

immunotherapy:





Keynote speaker

DR. EDWARD BOYDEN

Professor of Neurotechnology, MIT Leader, Synthetic Neurobiology Group, MIT

Understanding and repairing complex biological systems, such as the brain, requires technologies for systematically observing and controlling these systems. We are discovering new molecular principles that enable such technologies. For example, we discovered that one can physically magnify biological specimens by synthesizing dense networks of swellable polymer throughout them, and then chemically processing the specimens to isotropically swell them. This method, which we call expansion microscopy, enables ordinary microscopes to do nanoimaging - important for mapping the brain across scales. Expansion of biomolecules away from each other also decrowds them, enabling previously invisible nanostructures to be labeled and seen. As a second example, we discovered that microbial opsins, genetically expressed in neurons, could enable their electrical activities to be precisely controlled in response to light. These molecules, now called optogenetic tools, enable causal assessment of how neurons contribute to behaviors and pathological states, and are yielding insights into new treatment strategies for brain diseases. Finally, we are developing, using new strategies such as robotic directed evolution, fluorescent reporters that enable the precision measurement of signals such as voltage and calcium. By fusing such reporters to self-assembling peptides, they can be stably clustered within cells at random points, distant enough to be resolved by a microscope, but close enough to spatially sample the relevant biology. Such clusters, which we call signaling reporter islands (SiRIs), permit many fluorescent reporters to be used within a single cell, to simultaneously reveal relationships between different signals. We share all these tools freely, and aim to integrate the use of these tools so as to enable comprehensive understandings of neural circuits.



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09 AM EDT / 01 PM GMT / 06 AM PDT

controlling complex

biological systems





Keynote speaker

DR. LEONARDO MORSUT

Assistant Professor of stem cell biology and regenerative medicine, Keck School of Medicine at University of Southern California

An ultimate goal of synthetic development is the generation of functional tissue assemblies. A key guestion in this area is: can we design artificial gene circuits that program the development of user-defined, multicellular structures and functions, even beyond those achieved with naturally-evolved genomes? An answer to this guestion would be broadly enabling as it would expand the landscape of possible functional structures that can be currently built from cells. Here I will present advancement in this area, including development of synthetic cell-cell communication pathways, implementation of synthetic development trajectories in mammalian cells for patterning and morphogenesis of spheroids, synthetic pathways for functional differentiation into skeletal muscle cells, development of computational pipelines for rational design of genetic networks for morphogenesis. We hope our work will inspire next generation of genetic engineers to continue this ambitious line of research.



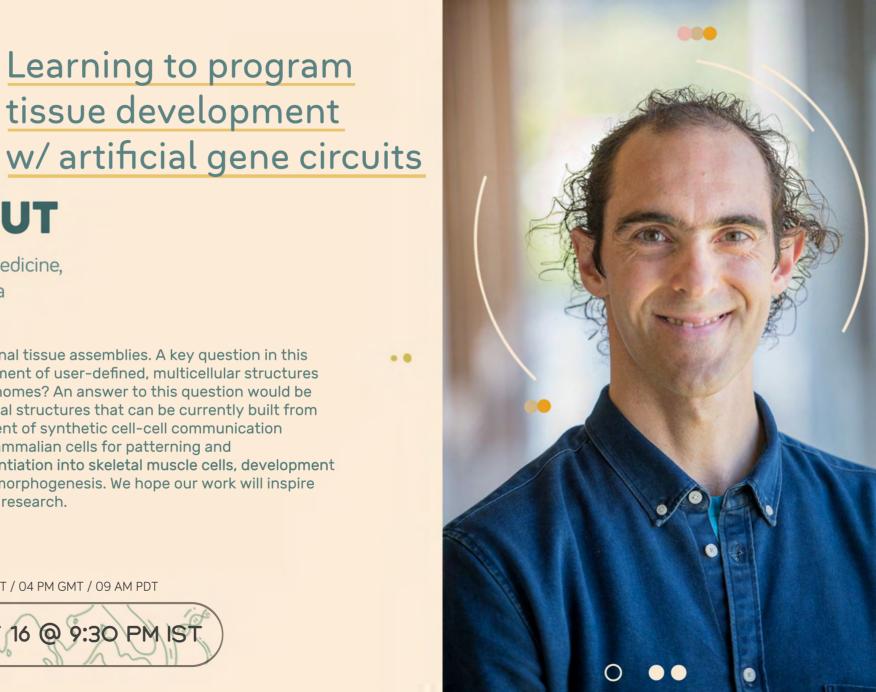
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Learning to program

tissue development





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Designing biology for detection and control

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Keynote speaker

DR. PAMELA A. SILVER

Professor of Biochemistry and Systems Biology, Harvard Medical School Founding Core Faculty, Wyss Institute at Harvard University Co-founder of the iGEM Competiton

The engineering of Biology presents infinite opportunities for therapeutic design, diagnosis, and prevention of disease. We use what we know from Nature to engineer systems with predictable characteristics. We also seek to discover new natural strategies to then re-engineer. I will present concepts and experiments that address how we approach these problems in a systematic way. Conceptually, we seek to both design cells and proteins to control disease states and to detect and predict the severity of emerging pathogens. For example, we have engineered components of the gut microbiome to act therapeutics for infectious disease, proteins to prolong cell states, living pathogen sensors and high throughput analysis to predict immune response of emerging viruses.



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